Security

Technical introduction

NFDI AAI meeting, 18.08.2022

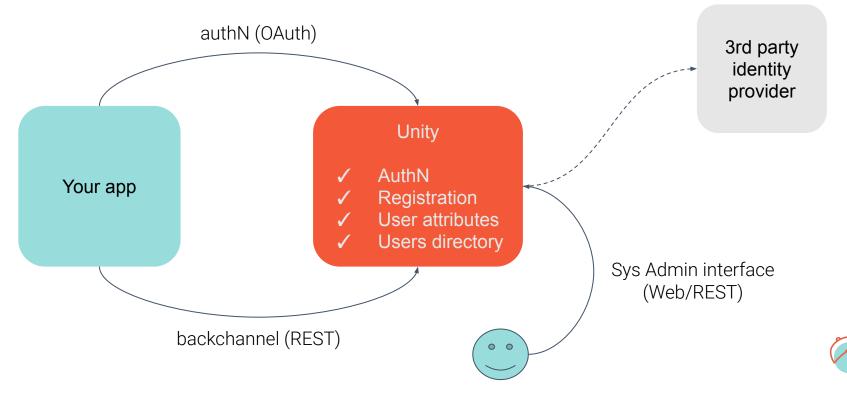




Outline

- Application areas
- Unity ecosystem
- Technical overview
- Relevant companion

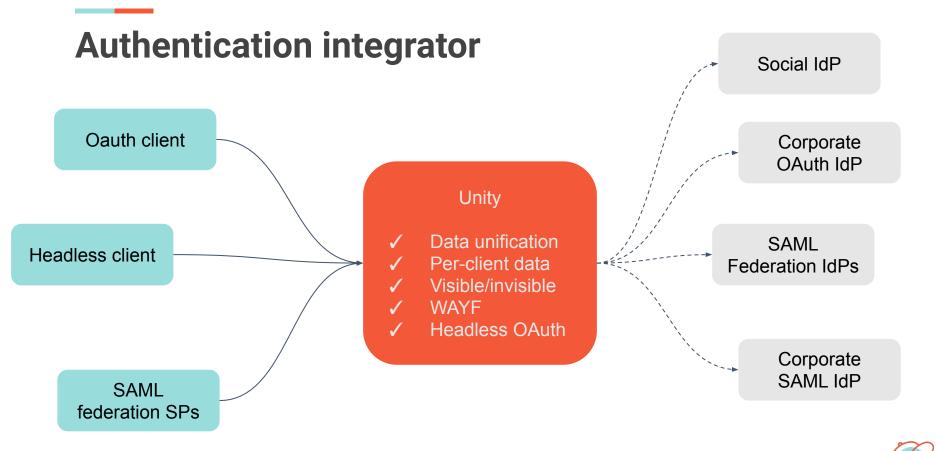
Off-the-shelf authentication service



Off-the-shelf authentication service

- Secure password handling, from storage to configurable reset
- Wide range of other supported credentials: SMS codes, OTP, Fido2, X.509
- 2FA
- Powerful and easy to use users directory
- Complete, highly configurable, users enrollment
- Simple integration with 3rd party IdPs like Google, FB, GH, MS, LiIn, ...







Authentication integrator

- Can delegate authentication to external IdPs
- Can be a completely invisible authentication proxy
- Or a visible proxy with native WAYF support
- Externally obtained identity material can be flexibly mapped to a unified format
- Clients may be integrated with Unity using OAuth, OIDC and SAML 2
- Uniform Unity representation of users can be presented in multiple forms per various clients and access protocols
- Possibility to plug additional, enriching attribute store (LDAP, ...)



Mix & match

All of the features can be mixed in arbitrary way, the scenarios can overlap



Ecosystem



History

- Born in 2013
- The first stable release early in 2014
- Over 80 releases so far
- Long road
 - from a small private project
 - growing as an EU-funded project
 - to a sustainable product used commercially
- As of now we have/had partners and notable use cases in US, Germany, Poland, Austria and Italy
 - Both in public and commercial sectors



Open source landscape

- Unity is a truly Open Source software, BSD licensed
- We receive various open source contributions
 - Patches, complete features and translations
- We also implement feature requests coming from the community
 - Ranking them according to our perception of long term roadmap and available resources





Professional services

- Offered by Bixbit
 - Deployment and ops support
 - Prioritized development of requested features
 - Consulting
 - Developing software using Unity
- Launching a new trademark authvisor.com

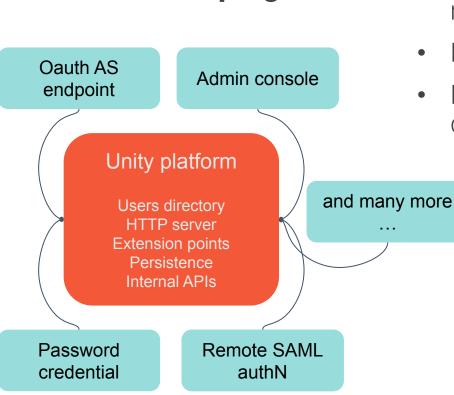


German accents

- UNICORE was one of the early drivers for Unity development
- Unity still is in use with UNICORE deployments
- We have a great cooperation with FZJ and HZB
- Not to forget great feedback from Marcus :-)



Technical perspective



Platform + plugins

- Unity is essentially a platform with many plugin points
- Platform is not useable alone
- Plugins provide access to it and define commonly used functions
 - Endpoints,
 - Authentication methods
 - Credentials
 - Attribute types
 - Protocol bindings
 - And more...



Users directory

- Users directory is part of the Unity platform
- Entity is the main element, representing users, software agents, etc
 - Entity must have at least one Identity which is used to identify it in unique way
 - And typically has many different identities: username, email, opaque identifier, X.500 name (DN), persistent targeted identifier, and more
- Entities are organized in hierarchical groups structure
 - Member of a subgroup is always a member of parent group
- Entities may have local credentials, but that's completely optional



Users directory: attributes

- One of the powerful features of Unity directory is attributes system
- Attribute types are defined in schema, governing value types and various constraints on values
 - Types are pluggable
 - We support strings, enums, numeric, date/time, verifiable email and many more
- Attributes can be assigned to entities in numerous ways:
 - Directly in a scope of a given group
 - Globally
 - Dynamically with a group attribute statement



IdP endpoints

- From Unity client perspective an Identity Provider function is fundamental
- IdP functionality is implemented by several endpoints
 - Web & non-web OAuth (with support for OIDC)
 - Web SAML 2
 - SOAP SAML 2
- IdP endpoints implement their corresponding authN protocol
- Consent functionality is provided in the case of web flows



Authentication

- Authentication process is the most sophisticated part of Unity
- Three different types of authentication are supported:
 - Local: Unity collects credential and verifies it locally
 - Remote: Unity redirects to an external IdP using OAuth or SAML AuthN
 - Mixed: Unity collects credential and delegates verification to external service (LDAP, PAM)
- The above distinction is irrelevant for admins and users: all authentication facilities "feel" the same: configuration and usage wise



Authentication

	Email			
n	Password			
	SIGN IN		Choose an option to sign	in
	Forgot password?		G Sign in with Google	
			Sign in with Microsoft	
	Show other sign in options		OR	
		,	Email	
	Search		Password	
d Wegener Ins	stitute, Helmholtz Centre for Polar and Ma		SIGN IN	
d Rényi Institu	ute of Mathematics			
ma University			Forgot password	1?
theny College				
nce University				
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Authentication: 2FA

- Besides simple, one-step authentication, Unity allows admins to define authentication flows, supporting 2FA
- Authentication flows allow for flexible configuration of 2FA rules
- SMS codes, TOTP and Fido2 are the credentials typically used as a 2nd factor
 - But authentication flow can be configured in arbitrary way
- Unity natively handles all credentials, with big help of libraries



Remote authentication

- Remote authentication (regardless of how credential is collected) requires mapping of external entity to an internal one
- The process is unified for all types of external authentications and handled with remote data processing profiles
 - The same approach regardless if a user is coming from LDAP, Shibboleth or Google
- Processing profile is translating the obtained attributes to a unified (admin controlled) form
 - mapping of external entity to Unity one is the key step
 - number of additional actions can be enabled, as entity blocking



Sign-up

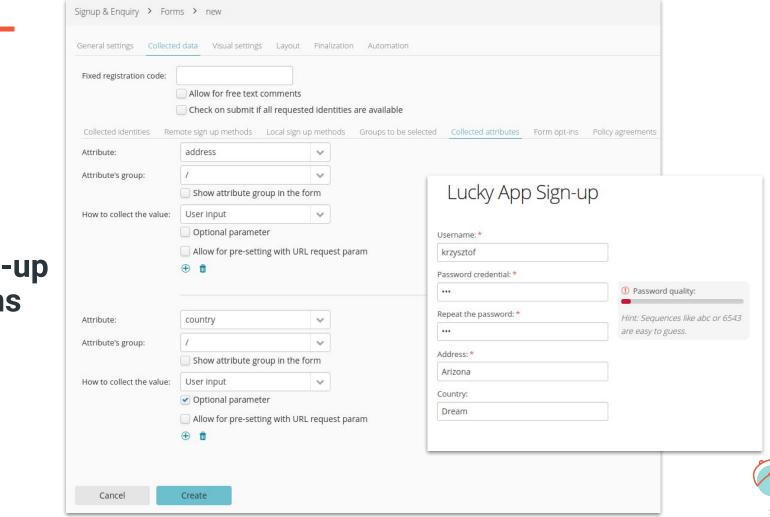
- Even a great sign-in has a little value w/o sign-up
- User can be registered:
 - with a help of standalone form, under a public URL
 - by filling a form launched from a sign-in page
 - as a result of remote authentication when remote user is not mapped to an existing Unity user
 - by invitation
- Sign-up can be fully local, or may use external IdP
 - The latter case is a powerful & often used feature



Sign-up forms

- Administrator can configure many registration forms
- Forms decide what data should be collected and in what way
 - Attributes, identities, credentials, policy agreements
- Advanced aspects like confirmation of emails or mobile numbers are supported
- The submitted registration request can be processed automatically with a help of special translation profile
 - Resembling remote data processing during authentication
 - New attributes can be created, data cleaned, etc
- Requests can be accepted manually or automatically with dynamic conditions
- Wide range of notifications is supported





Sign-up forms

End-user oriented endpoints

- User's account endpoint provides a "profile & settings" features
 - Useful if integrated application(s) do not offer their own profile screen
- Unity Project Management (UpMan) is an endpoint targeted at users who should have a limited Unity group administrator capabilities
 - Groups represent VOs, community, projects, etc
 - Allows for managing group users, invite new, remote etc.



Administrative endpoints

- Administrative interfaces are regular endpoints
 - Configurable authentication and everything else like in any other endpoint case
- Web UI is offered by the Console endpoint
- A proprietary REST API endpoint allows for software integrations
- Since recently we also offer a RO SCIM REST endpoint with a fully configurable schema



Console

							🛓 Import	① Add new
Directory browser	=						Search	
Signup & Enquiry	× 0	Name 🔺	Displayed name	Туре	Self modifiable	Cardinality	Unique values	Actions
🗐 Forms	D	 address 	Address	string		[1, 1]		2 =
🗉 Requests	0	 affiliation 	Affiliation	string		[1, 10]		2 =
🖨 Invitations	0	 avatar 	Avatar	image		[1, 1]		2 =
	100 million (100 m	 avatarURL 	Avatar URL	string		[1, 1]		2 =
Identity Provider	* 0	 birthday 	Birthday	date		[1, 1]		2 =
\mathscr{O} Authentication	× 0	▶ blog	Blog	string		[1, 1]		2 =
🚍 Services	0	▶ certificate	User certificate	string		[1, 10]		2 =
E Directory setup	. □	► city	City	string		[1, 1]		2 =
Attribute types	0	 company 	Company name	string		[1, 1]		2 =
	0	• country	Country	string		[1, 1]		2 =
Identity types	0	 countryCode 	Country code	string		[1, 1]		2 =
🗟 Attribute classes	0	• currency	Currency	string		[1, 1]		2 =
🗖 Automation	0	 description 	Description	string		[1, 1]		2 =
📽 Settings	* □	 displayName 	Display name	string		[1, 1]		2 =
X Maintenance	* □	▶ email	E-mail address	verifiableEmail		[1, 5]		2 =
	0	▶ facsimileTelep	ohFacsimile telephone number	string		[1, 1]		2 =
	0	▶ firstname	Firstname	string		[1, 1]		2 =
	0	▶ gender	Gender	string		[1, 1]		2 =
	0	height	Height	floatingPoint		[1, 1]		2 =
	« 🛛	initials	Initials	string		[1, 1]		2 =

Other notable features

- Advanced notification subsystem
 - Message templates
 - Email, SMS and custom (groovy script) channels
 - Unity can be your message sending gateway
- Policy documents framework
 - Defining policy documents
 - Binding acceptance to various points
- Audit log



Other notable features (2)

- Branding
- Extending with scripts
 - Groovy
 - Post-startup initialization & hooks to hundreds of operations
- Native, selective, JSON backup and restore
- Automation rules
- Separation of SSO areas with Authentication Realms
- Attribute introspection endpoint helping to integrate remote IdPs
- Account linking
- User enquiries



Tech stack

- Java 11 + Spring core
- Modularized monolith
 - 36 maven modules currently
- RDBC based storage
 - MySQL, MariaDB
 - PostgreSQL
 - H2 (testing/demo only)
 - non-RDBC based storage is possible, for some time we had Hazelcast storage backend
- Ul is based on Vaadin 8



Future plans

- Update to Vaadin 23+
 - modern web toolset, web components based
 - In progress
- Revamp of the User's Account Service (HomeUI)
 - In progress (early)
- Java 17
- Performance improvements for large deployments
- Features, features, features, ...



Companion solutions

FURMS

- Tool developed for the Fenix consortium; https://fenix-ri.eu
- Fenix User & Resource Management Service
- Open Source; <u>https://unity-idm.github.io/furms</u>
- Mature, polished and commercially supported software allowing for:
 - Provisioning of resources by providers (sites, like HPC centers)
 - Distribution of available resources using 2-level model (central and community) to projects
 - Recording, visualising and monitoring of resource usage, with help of site agents



Devops tooling

- A new kid in our family
- <u>https://github.com/unity-idm/unity-devops</u>
- A set of Ansible scripts allowing sysadmins to:
 - Install and update deployments
 - Start and stop instance
 - Automatically structures deployment using a proven filesystem layout
 - Backup and restore





- Some of the developed applications are proprietary & confidential
- We are in early stage of discussing a new tool to handle VO management





Webpage: <u>https://unity-idm.eu</u>

Commercial support: <u>https://www.authvisor.com</u>

Resources

GitHub:

https://github.com/unity-idm/unity

